# Gender disparities in STEM awards & recognition hinder the advancement and retention of women.



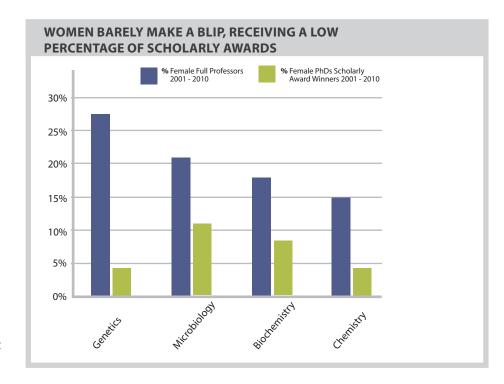
### **WOMEN AND AWARDS**

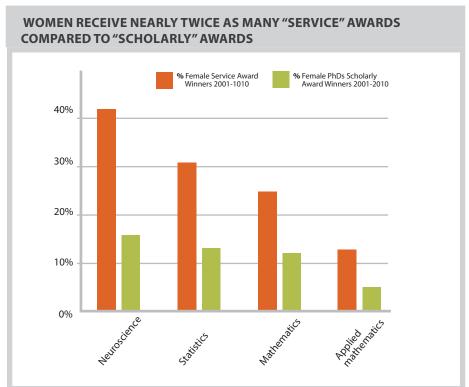
In 2010, AWIS partnered with disciplinary societies to pioneer processes that foster the diversity of scientific award recipients.

## WHAT TYPES OF AWARDS DID AWIS REVIEW?

- Scholarly Awards
- Early Career Awards
- Service Awards
- Teaching/Mentoring Awards

After analyzing the data, it became clear that women were consistently underrepresented among recipients of scholarly and research awards. Ironically, women seemed to be overrepresented among recipients of teaching and service awards. These results were consistent within all pioneer socieities.





For resource citations, more research about implicit bias, nomination, and selection procedures, visit the AWIS website and view the AWARDS webcasts at **www.awis.org** 

### CONCLUSIONS

Equal recognition in scholarly awards and prizes would help women overcome barriers to success in STEM, and provide a more diverse group of role models for young scientists.

- Too few women were being nominated for scholarly awards.
- Evaluation processes did not rely on merit.
- Selection processes were not rigorous and free of unconscious bias.

### **SOLUTIONS**

AWIS recommended that societies review their awards programs, paying close attention to:

- Outmoded policies and practices
- Implicit bias
- Using data to illustrate the issue to review committees
- Available AWIS resources to educate members and encourage nominations and establish fair evaluations.

To see how disciplinary socieities stack up visit www.awis.org.

Grant #0930073. Any opinions, findings, and conclusions or recommendations expressed in this material are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect the views of the National Science Foundation.

